



CSP-DSW Workshop

WP4: Electricity generation

Steam turbine selection & Interface conditions

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Contents



- *Objectives*
- *Steam turbine interface options*
- *Parametric model overview*
- *Sample results*
- *Result summary*
- *Conclusion*



WP4: Electricity Generation

Objectives



Work Package 4: Electricity Generation

Objectives :

To review the existing steam turbine technologies, select steam turbine size and type, identify steam turbine interfaces with other cycle components and determine power plant input and output conditions

Tasks :

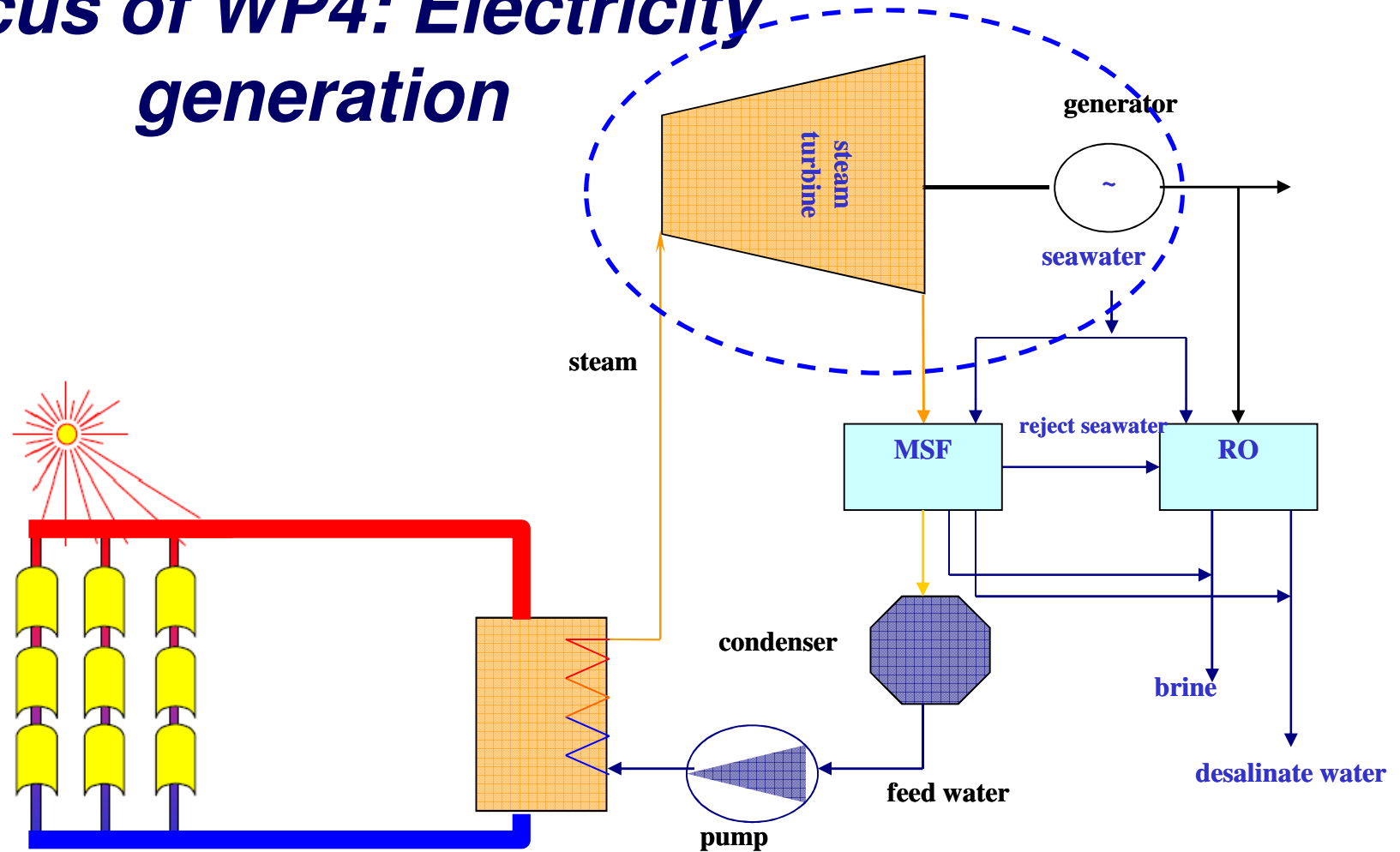
4.1 Review of existing steam turbine technologies

4.2 Selection and sizing of steam turbine

4.3 Power plant interfaces

4.4 Power plant input and output conditions

Focus of WP4: Electricity generation



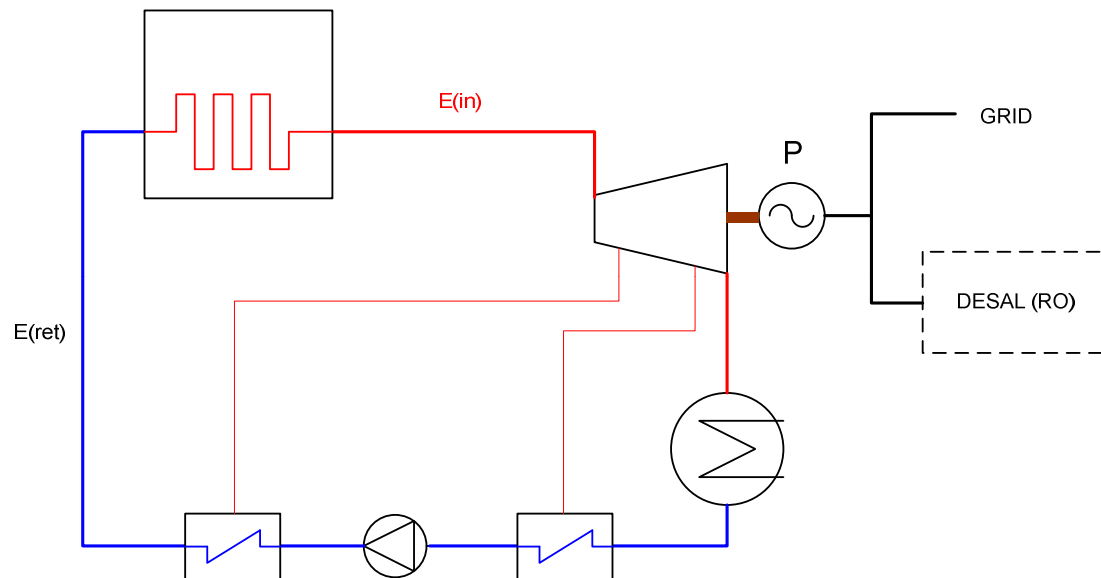


*Steam Turbine to Desalination
Interface :*

Configuration Options

Steam turbine-desalination interface

1. Condensing turbine



Suitable for:

- *RO*

Interface conditions:

- *Solar field supply and return*

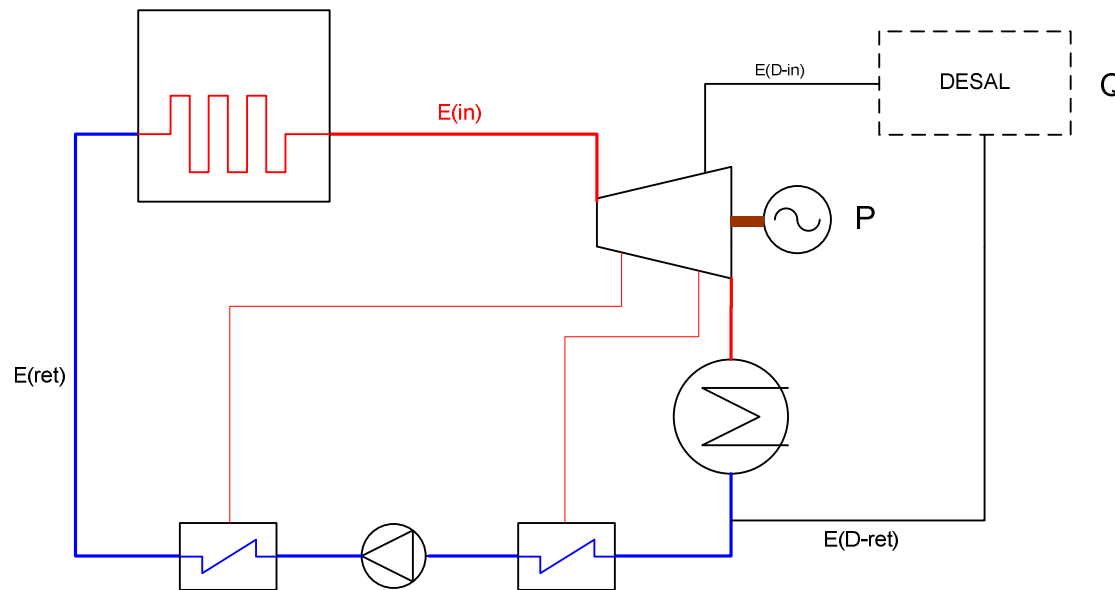
Power block output:

- *Power*



Steam turbine-desalination interface

2. Extraction turbine



Suitable for:

- Thermal desalination (MED, MSF)

Interface conditions:

- Solar field supply and return
- Desal. supply and return

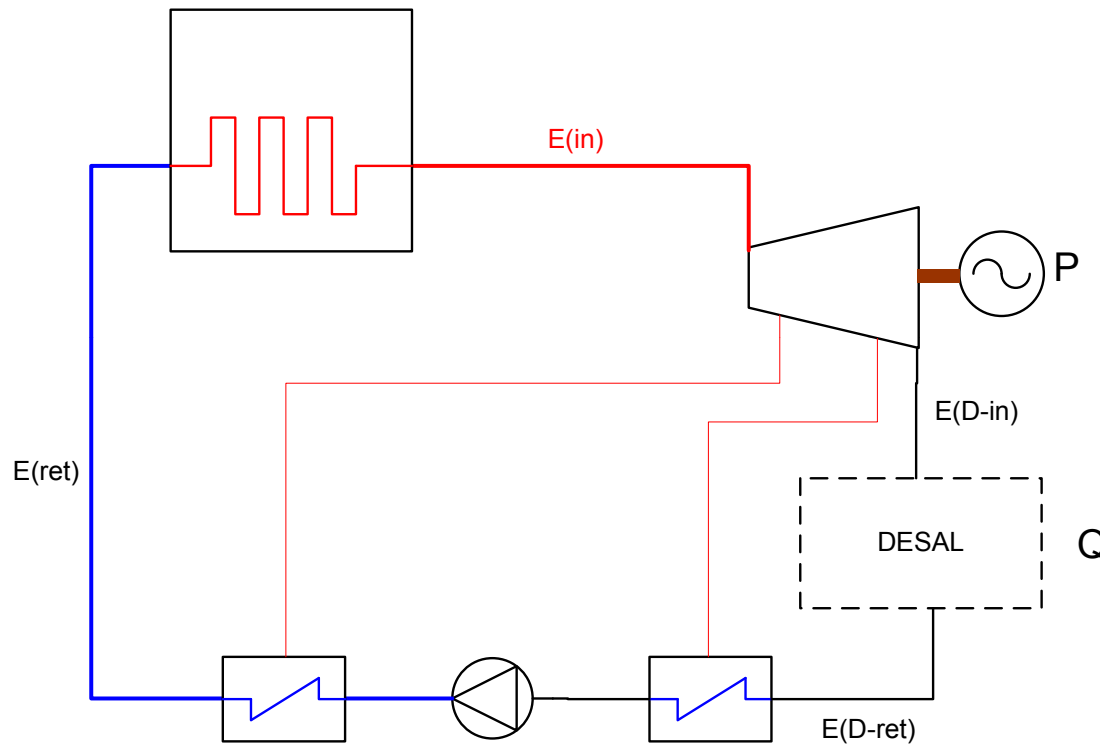
Power block output:

- Power
- Heat to desalination



Steam turbine-desalination interface

3. Backpressure turbine



Suitable for:

- *Thermal desalination (MED, MSF)*

Interface conditions:

- *Solar field supply and return*
- *Desal. supply and return*

Power block output:

- *Power*
- *Heat to desalination*



Parametric model

Overview



Parametric modeling structure

| | 4 MWe | 10 MWe | 25 MWe | 50 MWe | 100 MWe |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| <i>Condensing turbine</i> | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <i>Extraction turbine</i> | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| <i>Backpressure turbine</i> | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |



Condensing turbine design

- A. For each plant size a base design is selected, according to industry practice.*
- B. Simulation of inlet condition range:*
- 4 pressure levels*
 - Temperature range: saturation, up to max superheat*

OBJECTIVE:

Improve steam turbine efficiency

Extraction & Backpressure turbine design



Fixed design parameters:

- *Turbine inlet conditions (P , T , m)*
- *Feed water return to solar field (boiler)*
- ➔ *Constant solar field output (for each plant size)*

Design variables:

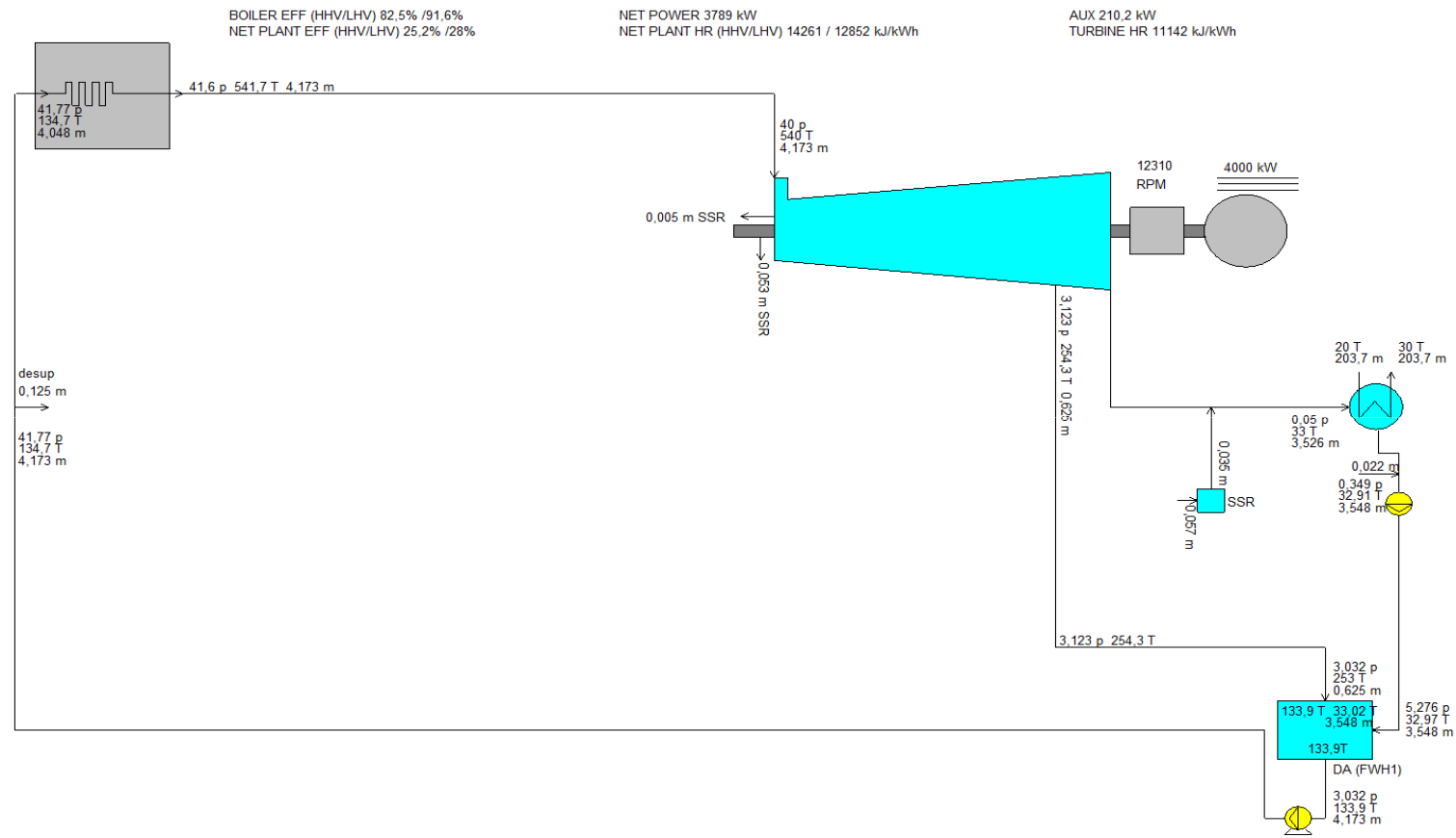
- *Extraction pressure/turbine backpressure (1, 2, 6 bar)*
- *Extraction rate (extraction turbine only)*
- *Condensate return temperature (80°C)*
- ➔ *Variable Power/Desal ratio*



Sample results



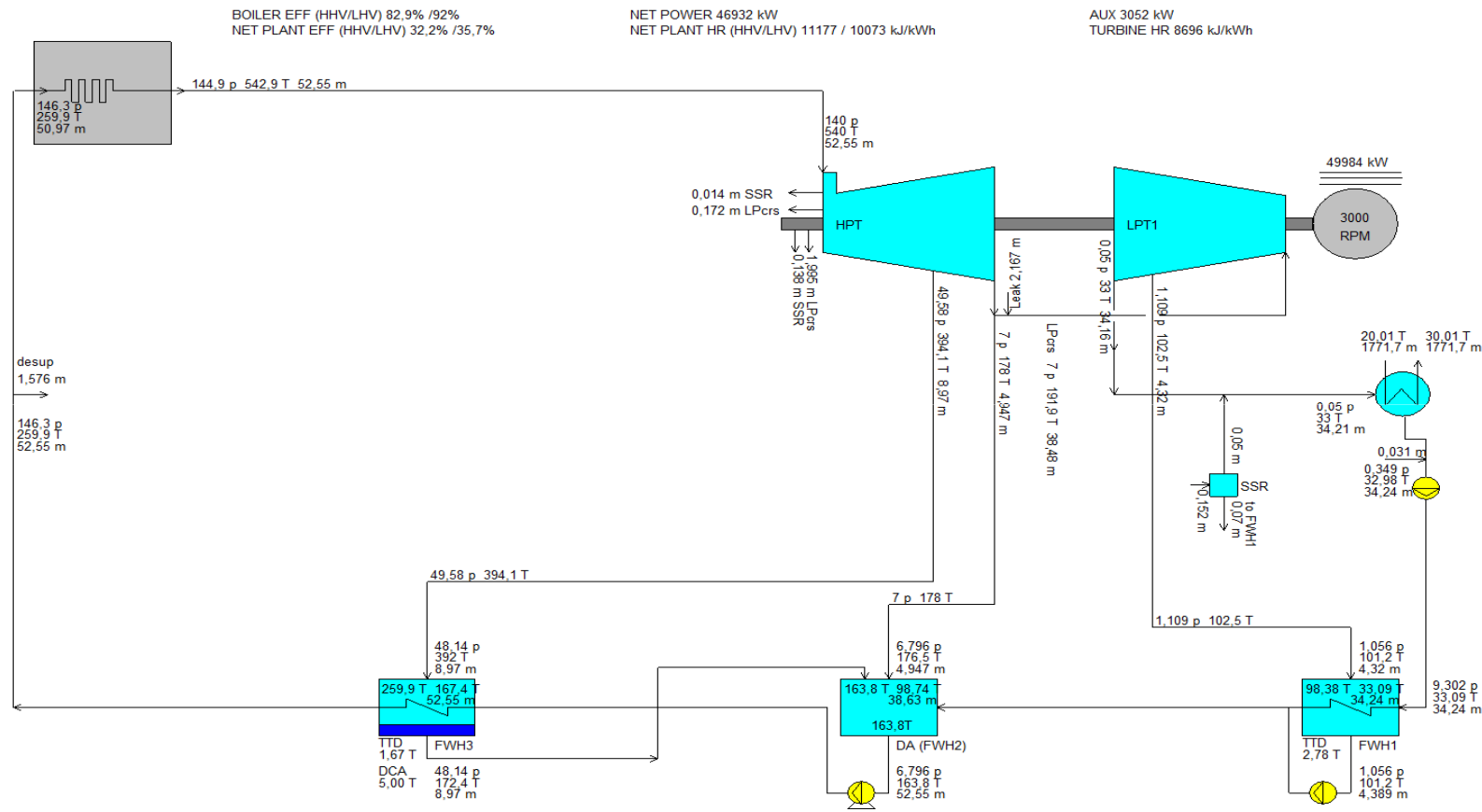
Condensing Turbine: 4MWe



pc STEAM PRO 18.00 1786 04-02-2009 06:33:36 Steam Properties: Thermoflow-STQUIK
 FILE: C:\Documents and Settings\le46714\My Documents\Thermoflow 18\CONDENSING-4MW.stp CYCLE SCHEMATIC
 p[bar], T[C], h[kJ/kg], m[kg/s]



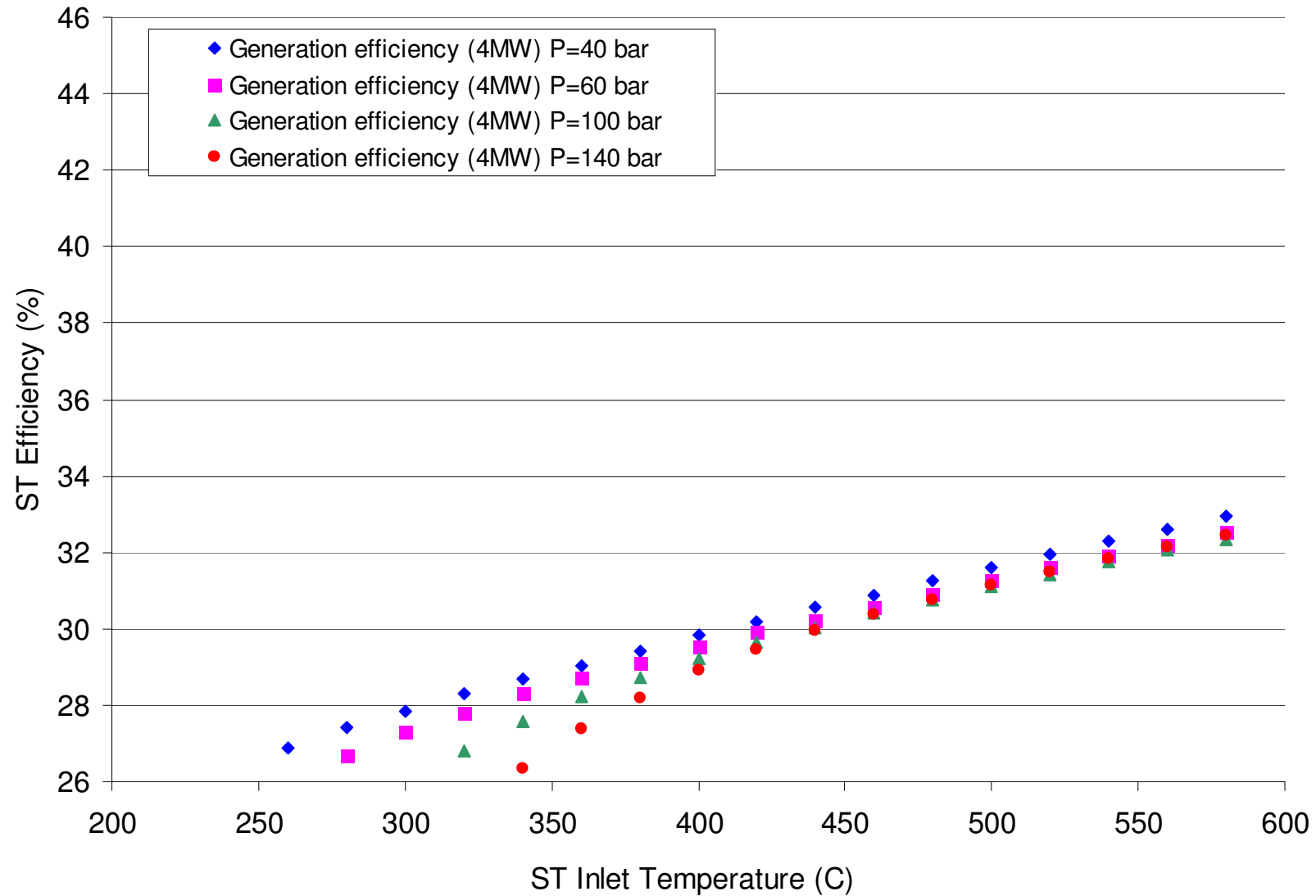
Condensing Turbine: 50MWe



pc STEAM PRO 18.00 1786 04-02-2009 06:24:04 Steam Properties: Thermoflow-STQUIK
 FILE: C:\Documents and Settings\ve46714\My Documents\Thermoflow 18\CONDENSING-50MW.stp CYCLE SCHEMATIC
 p[bar], T[C], h[kJ/kg], m[kg/s]



Condensing turbine efficiency: 4 MWe

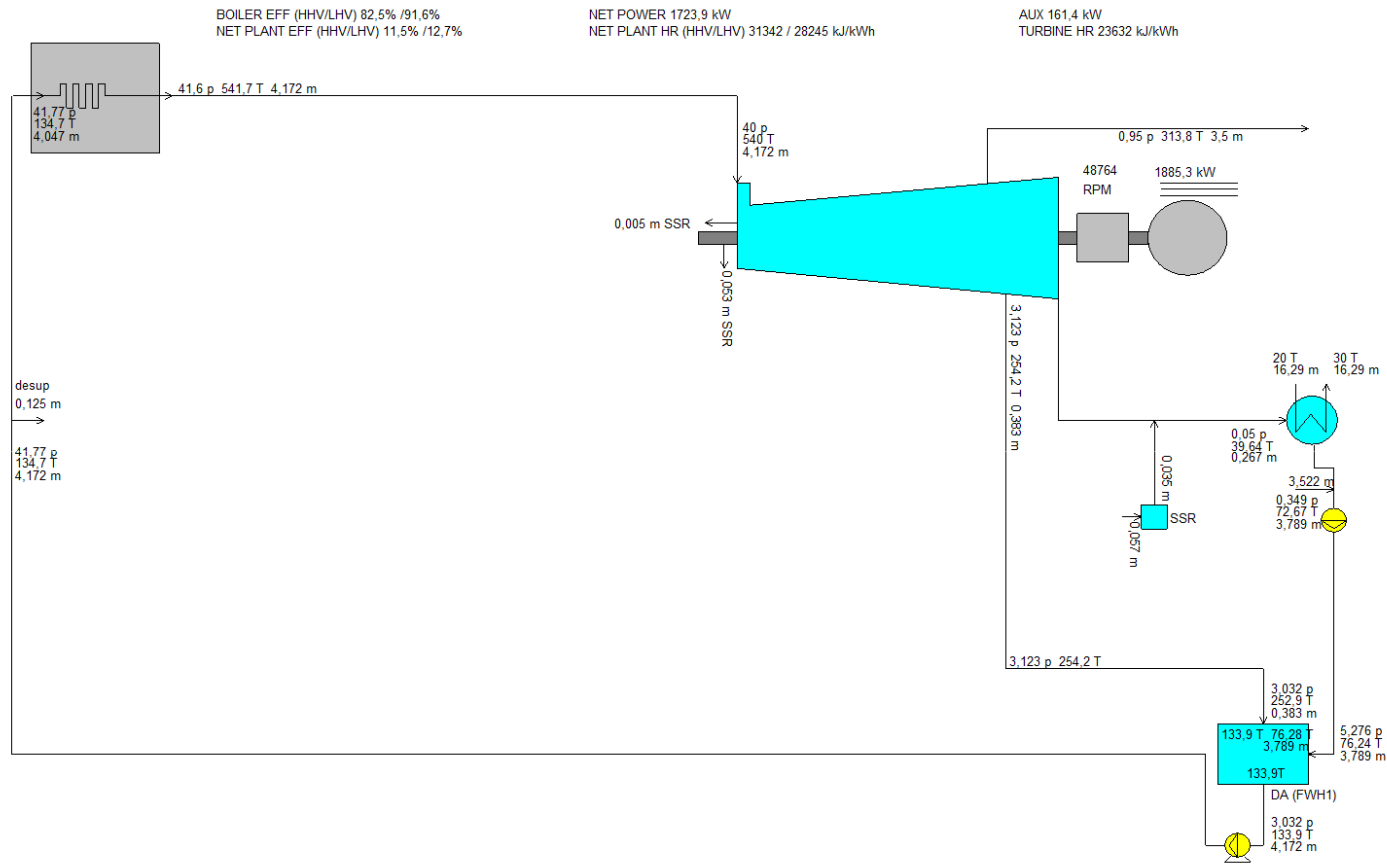




Condensing Turbine Result Summary

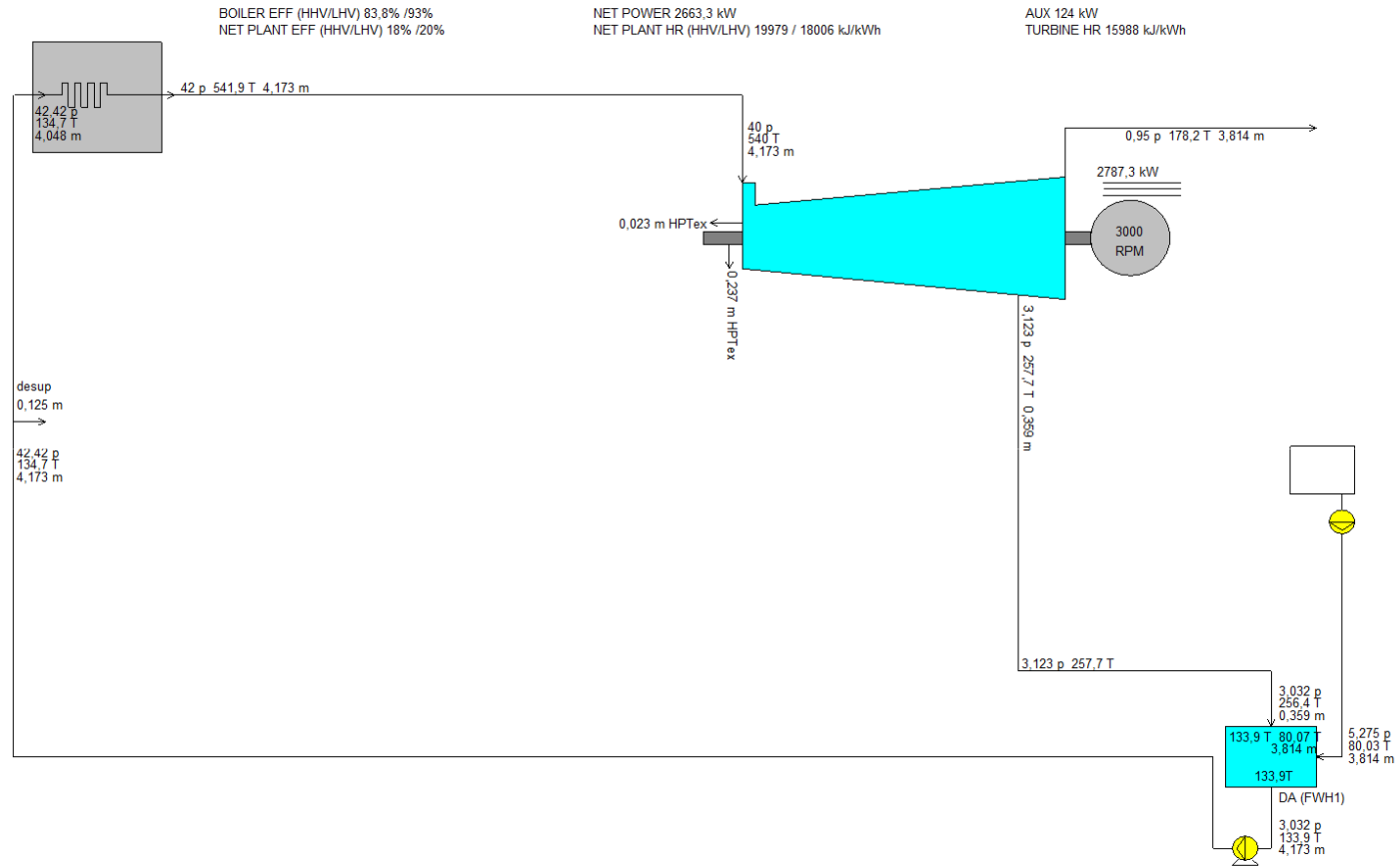
| | | 4 MWe | 10 MWe | 25 MWe | 50 MWe | 100 MWe |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| <i>Efficiency</i> | <i>%</i> | <i>32,29</i> | <i>36,24</i> | <i>39,22</i> | <i>41,37</i> | <i>42,92</i> |
| <i>Inlet pressure</i> | <i>bar</i> | <i>40</i> | <i>60</i> | <i>100</i> | <i>140</i> | <i>140</i> |
| <i>Inlet temperature</i> | <i>°C</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> |
| <i>Inlet steam flow</i> | <i>kg/s</i> | <i>4.17</i> | <i>10,2</i> | <i>24,76</i> | <i>52,55</i> | <i>108</i> |
| <i>Return temperature</i> | <i>°C</i> | <i>135</i> | <i>190</i> | <i>211</i> | <i>260</i> | <i>288</i> |
| <i>Net heat consumption</i> | <i>MWth</i> | <i>12,4</i> | <i>27,6</i> | <i>63,6</i> | <i>120,7</i> | <i>233</i> |

Extraction Turbine: 4 MWe



pc STEAM PRO 18.00 1786 04-18-2009 06:44:22 Steam Properties: Thermoflow-STQUIK
 FILE: C:\Documents and Settings\46714\My Documents\Thermoflow 18\ST Design\Extraction-4MW.STP CYCLE SCHEMATIC
 p[bar], T[C], h[kJ/kg], m[kg/s]

Backpressure Turbine: 4 MWe

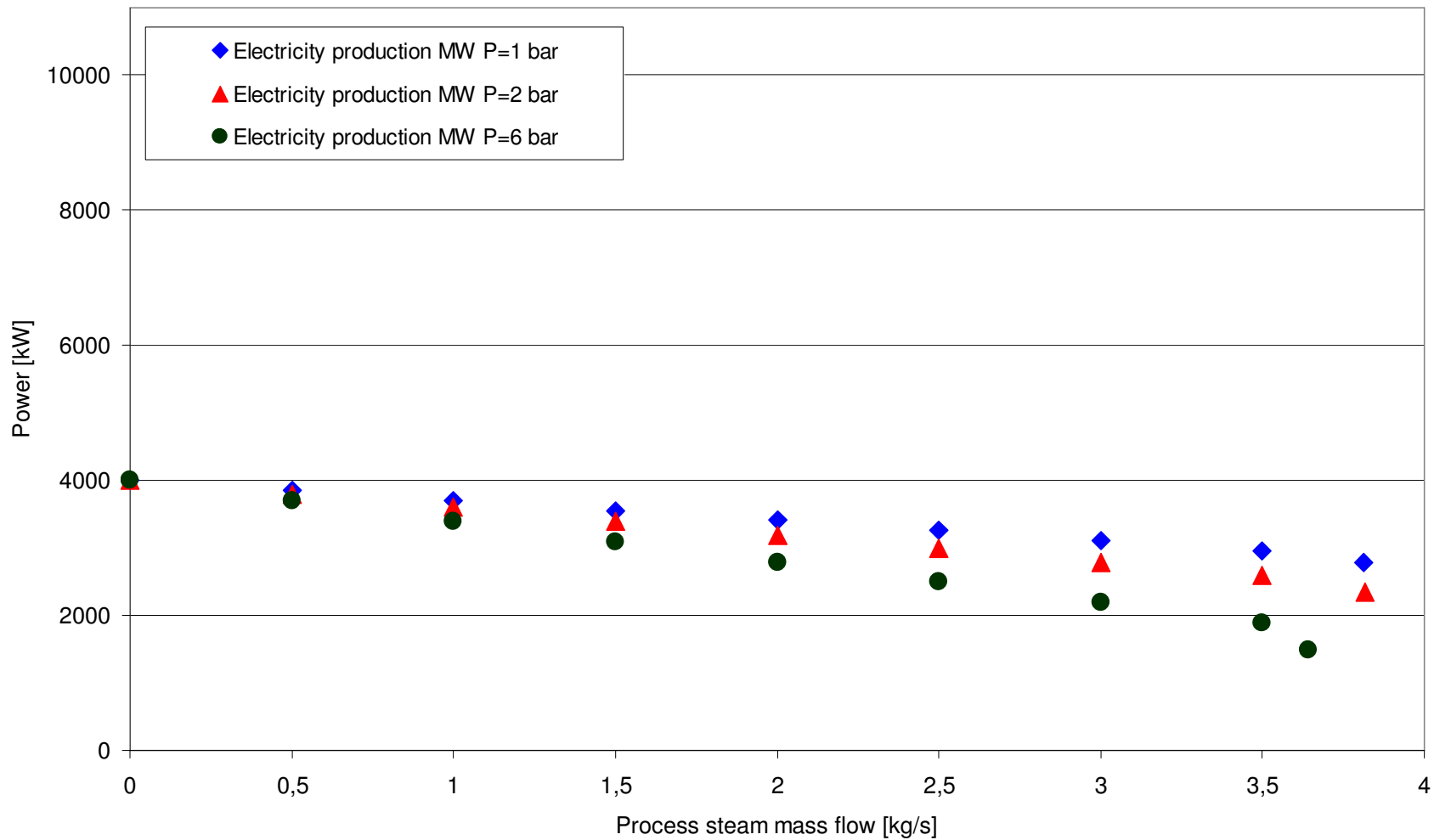


th pc STEAM PRO 18.00 1786 04-26-2009 14:17:42 Steam Properties: Thermoflow-STQUIK
 FILE: C:\Documents and Settings\le46714\My Documents\Thermoflow 18\ST Design\BACKPRESSURE 4MW.STP CYCLE SCHEMATIC
 p[bar], T[C], h[kJ/kg], m[kg/s]

Electricity output: 4 MWe Extr. & Backpr.



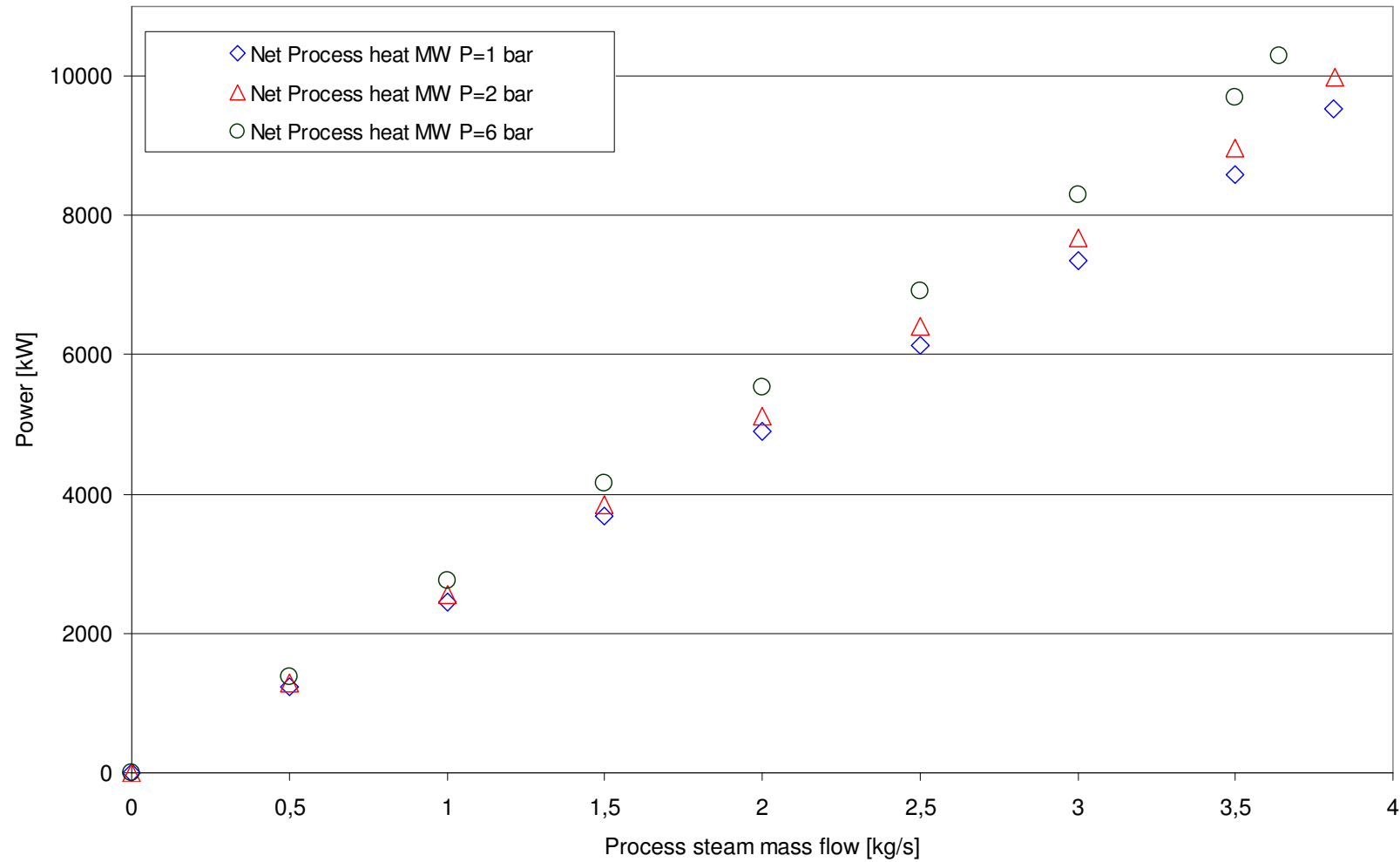
4 MW Extraction & Backpressure turbine electrical power





Thermal output: 4 MWe Extr. & Backpr.

4 MW Extraction & Backpressure turbine thermal power





Result Summary: 4 MWe

| Turbine Size | 4 MWe (Equivalent) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|-------|---------------|-------|---------------|-------|--|
| Process Pessure | — | 1 bar | | 2 bar | | 6 bar | | |
| Turbine Type | COND | EXTR | B/PR | EXTR | B/PR | EXTR | B/PR | |
| Inlet pressure <i>bar</i> | 40 | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | | |
| Inlet temperature <i>°C</i> | 540 | 540 | | 540 | | 540 | | |
| Inlet steam flow <i>kg/s</i> | 4,17 | 4,17 | | 4,17 | | 4,17 | | |
| Process steam flow <i>kg/s</i> | — | 0,5 - 3,5 | 3,8 | 0,5 - 3,5 | 3,8 | 0,5 - 3,5 | 3,6 | |
| Return temperature <i>°C</i> | 134,8 | 134,7 - 134,7 | 134,7 | 134,7 - 134,7 | 134,7 | 134,7 - 134,7 | 165,8 | |
| Condenser CW flow <i>kg/s</i> | 203,7 | 176,9 - 16,29 | — | 176,9 - 16,29 | — | 176,9 - 16,29 | — | |
| Generation efficiency % | 32,29 | 31,09 - 23,87 | 22,50 | 30,67 - 20,87 | 18,91 | 29,86 - 15,22 | 12,60 | |
| Overall ST efficiency % | — | 41,70 - 93,58 | 99,33 | 41,71 - 93,67 | 99,38 | 41,74 - 93,85 | 99,45 | |
| Net ST heat consumption <i>MWth</i> | 12,4 | 12,4 - 12,4 | 12,4 | 12,4 - 12,4 | 12,4 | 12,4 - 12,4 | 11,8 | |
| Power <i>MWe</i> | 4,0 | 3,8 - 3,0 | 2,8 | 3,8 - 2,6 | 2,3 | 3,7 - 1,8 | 1,5 | |
| Net process (desal.) heat <i>MWth</i> | — | 1,2 - 8,6 | 9,5 | 1,3 - 9,0 | 10,0 | 1,4 - 9,7 | 10,3 | |



Result Summary



Interface conditions

Solar field interface

| | | <i>4 MWe</i> | <i>10 MWe</i> | <i>25 MWe</i> | <i>50 MWe</i> | <i>100 MWe</i> |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|
| <i>Inlet pressure</i> | <i>bar</i> | <i>40</i> | <i>60</i> | <i>100</i> | <i>140</i> | <i>140</i> |
| <i>Inlet temperature</i> | <i>°C</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> | <i>540</i> |
| <i>Net heat consumption</i> | <i>MWth</i> | <i>12,4</i> | <i>27,6</i> | <i>63,6</i> | <i>120,7</i> | <i>233</i> |



Interface conditions

Steam turbine outlet conditions to desalination

| Desalination technology | Supply pressure [bar_a] | Condensate return temperature [°C] |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| MSF | 2 | 90-95 |
| MED | 1 | 70-75 |
| ME-TVC | 6 | 70-75 |



Interface conditions

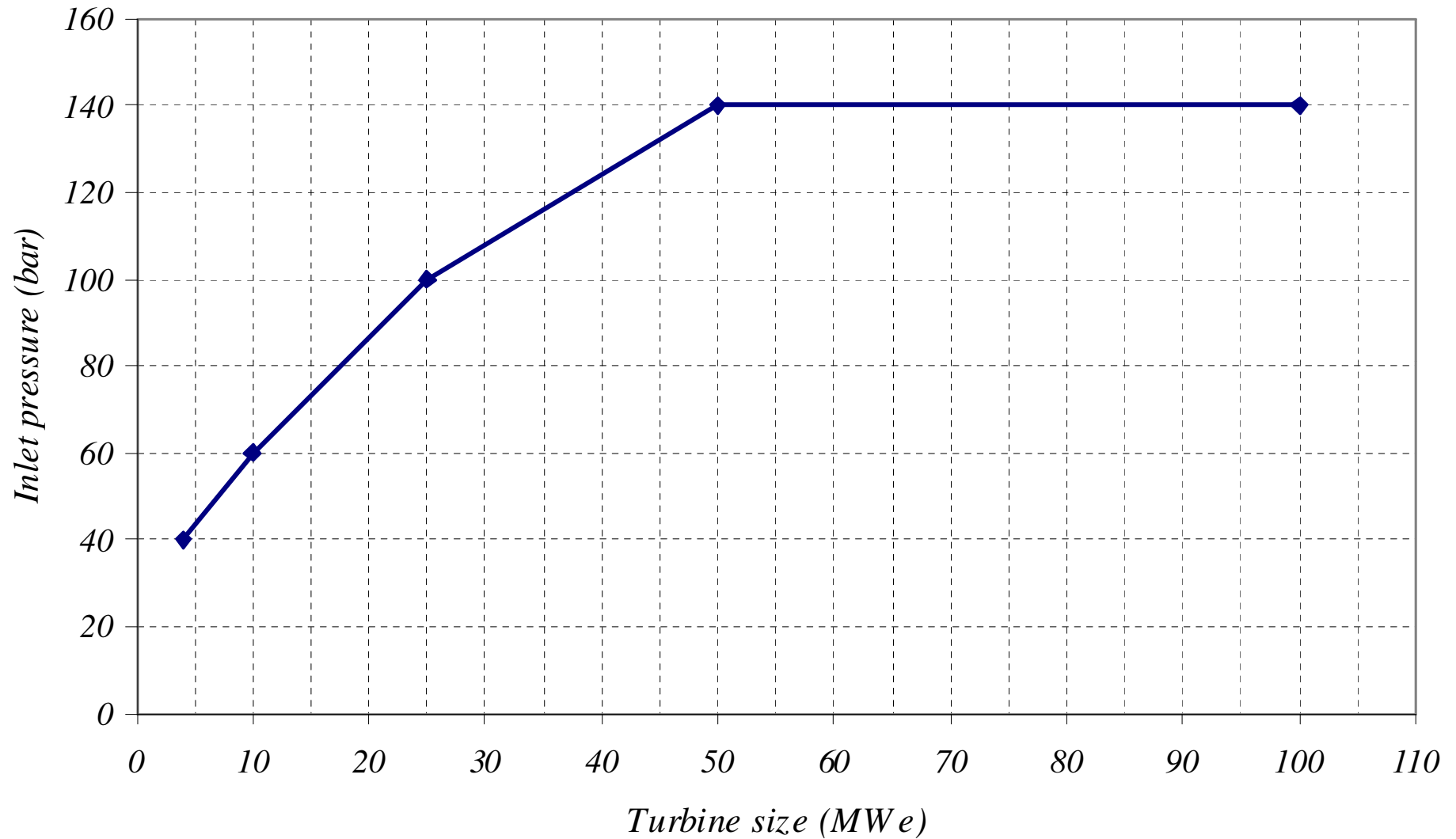
*Steam turbine outlet conditions to desalination with a
backpressure steam turbine*

| Power (MWe) | Supply pressure (bar_a) | Supply steam flowrate (kg/s) |
|------------------------|--|---|
| 4 | 1 | 3.8 |
| 10 | 1 | 8.4 |
| 25 | 1 | 19.4 |
| 50 | 1 | 37.1 |
| 100 | 1 | 71.0 |



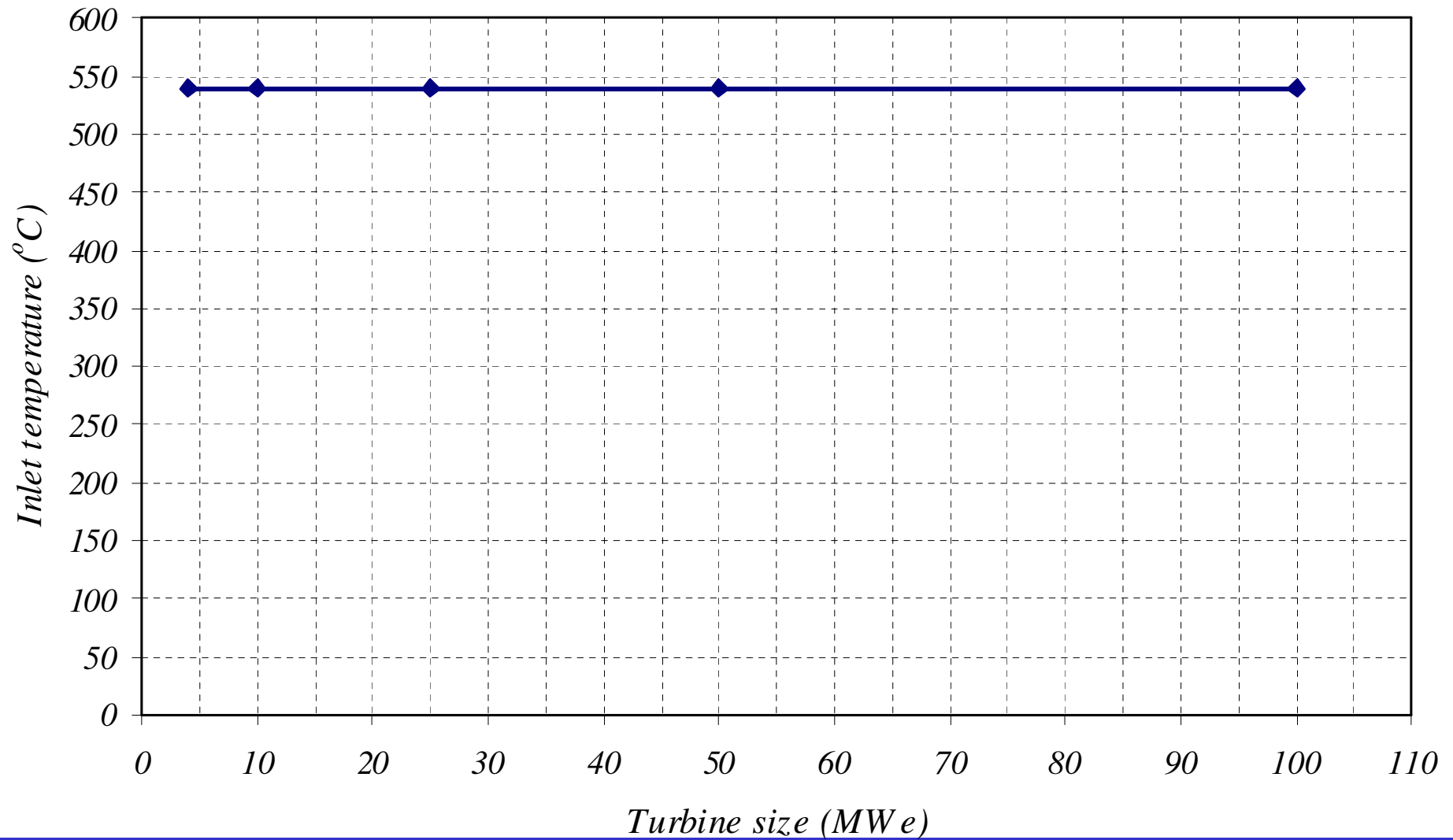
Steam turbine input/output conditions

Steam turbine inlet pressure vs capacity

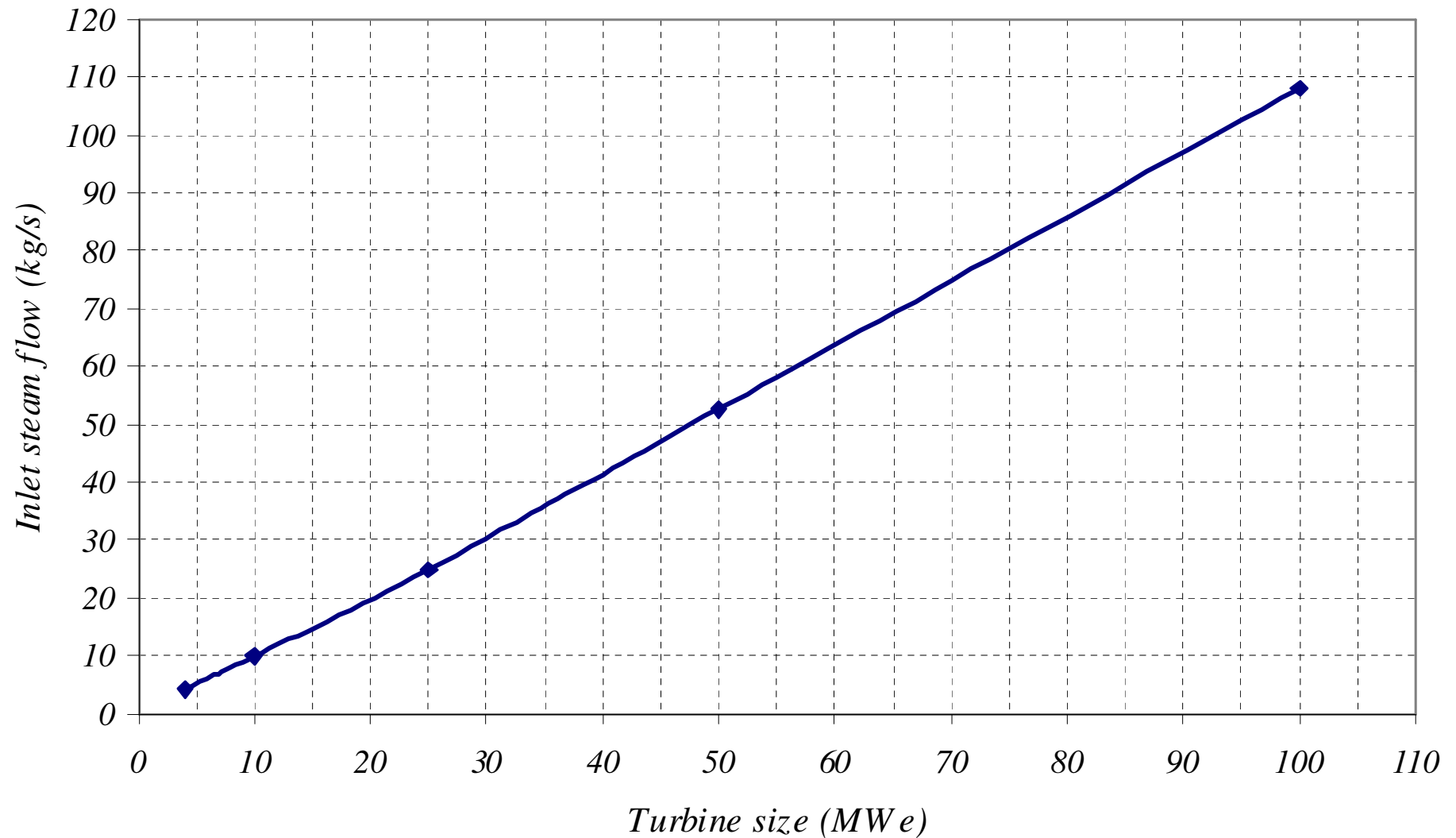




Steam turbine inlet temperature vs capacity



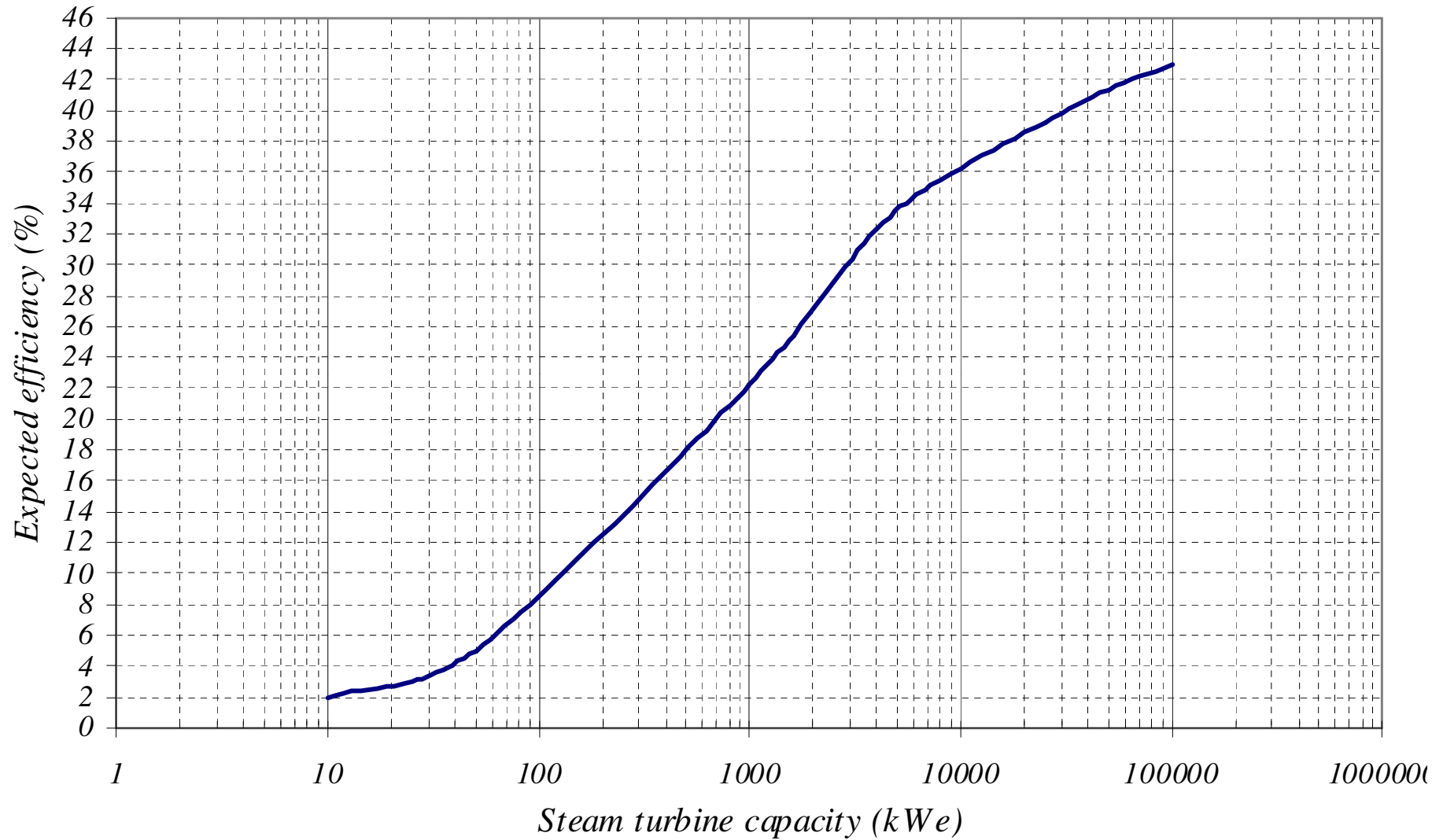
Steam turbine inlet steam flowrate vs capacity





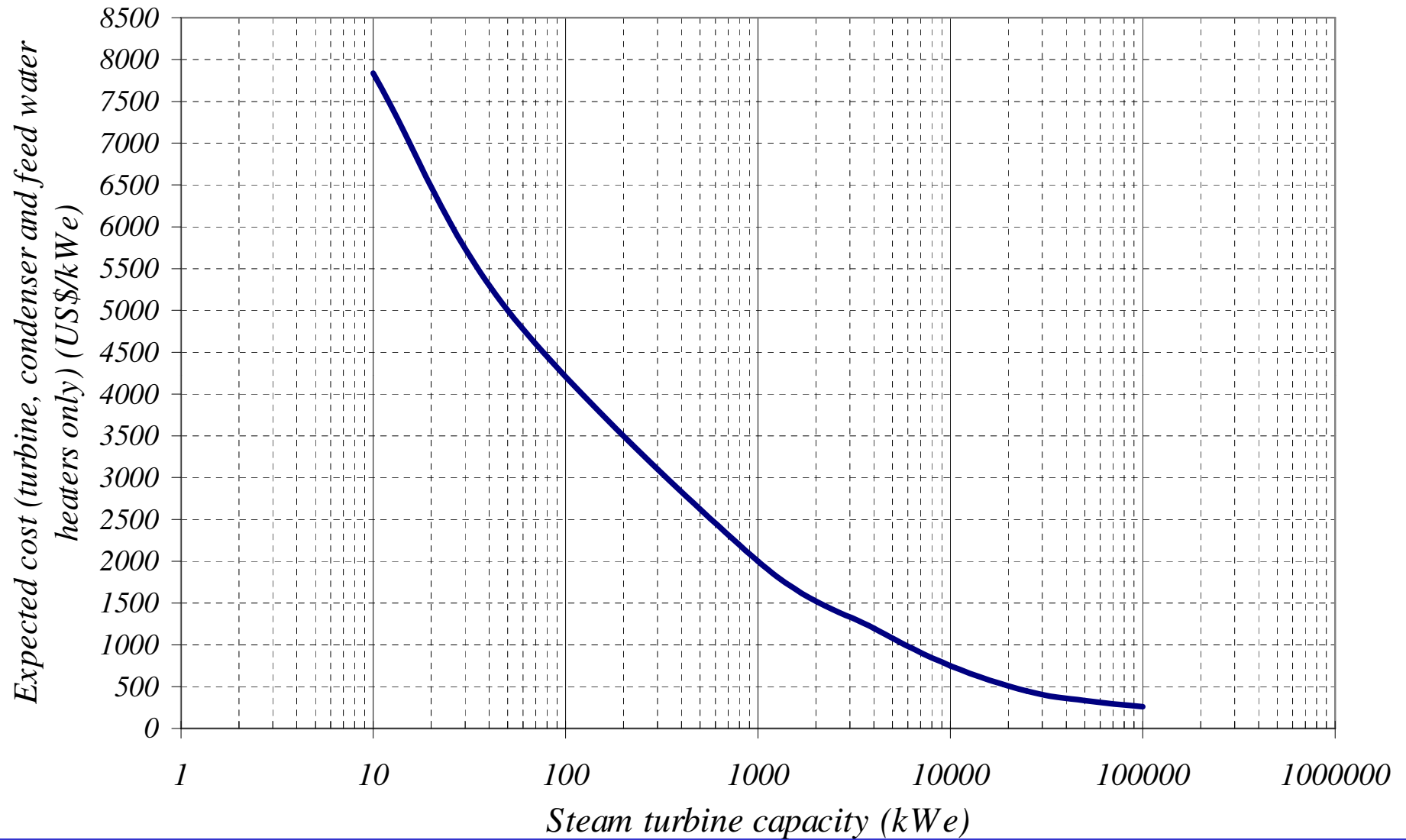
Steam turbine efficiency and cost vs capacity

Steam turbine efficiency vs capacity



Steam turbine cost vs capacity

(turbine, condenser and feed water heaters only)





Conclusions



Conclusions

Condensing turbine

- *Efficiency gains from*
 - *Increased turbine size*
 - *Increased inlet temperature*

Extraction turbine

- *increased thermal output to desalination results to:*
 - *reduction in power output and generation efficiency*
 - *improvement of overall efficiency*
- *Flexible Power/Desal ratio. Useful in satisfying varying needs*



Conclusions

Backpressure turbine

- Lowest power output and generation efficiency*
- Best overall efficiency*
- Offers no flexibility in Power/Desal ratio*



Ευχαριστώ

Thank you